Annual Progress Report of SEED 2016/17

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Annual Progress Report of SEED

| Partner Organization's | Name: | | Date of Report: | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Society for Environmen | nt Education l | Development (SEED) | 1 st Appril, 2016 to 31 th March 2017 | | | |
| Title of Intervention : | | | Annual Progress Reports | | | |
| "Local Women and Children Empowerment through Sustainability Livelihood Program" | | | | | | |
| Working Area : | VDC (Village | e Development Committee): Gol | takuri VDC, Phulbari VDC, Urahari | | | |
| | , , | nun VDC and Manpur VDC. | | | | |
| | Objectives: (should be specific and directly related to Program Goal) | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | | | roups of women in the mainstream of co- | | | |
| operatives helping in the organizational development of co-operatives.3. To provide support for income generating programs/activities through co-operatives for the sustainabl livelihood of poor women and help them for marketing. | | | | | | |
| Street Address & Home | Street Address & Home-Page: Tulsipur- 6, Airport Dang | | | | | |
| Staff in charge of this | Report: | Office Phone number : | E-mail of Office : | | | |
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| | | | Website: www:seeddang.org.np | | | |

Phone number :

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Institutional Obligatory:

Mr: Bhagi Ram Chaudhary (CP)

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E-mail:

Introduction:

In the partnership with DKA Austria and Society for Environment Education Development (SEED) is conducting local women and children empowerment through sustainability livelihood program. By the help of this program, SEED provides sustainable business work to poor people, women group, cooperative members, farmers group and other back made people of working area. Due to such activities, we can develop their skills and capacity and help to grow their economic, social, cultural and educational levels. We have chosen *Urahari*, *Phoolbari*, *Tarigaun*, *Manpur and Goltakuri* as its working areas. SEED has faith that this program will be able and successful to implement and increase the women active participation and increase access in the nation's local assemblies program.

The completed Activities:

- 1. Interaction and sharing about program with stakeholders district level.
- 2. Leadership development training to women rights forum.
- 3. To help in the development of women empower at inter VDC level to women network\alliance
- 4. Facilitate and conduct regular group meeting.
- 5. Gender equity and women domestic violence training. (5 & 7)
- 6. Orientation to women about their rights mentioned in new constitution 2072.
- 8. Capacity building orientation to VDC Child clubs.
- 9. Stationery support to poor and orphan children.
- 10. Training on traditional skills.
- 11. Orientation about VDC planning process to citizen awareness center\ward citizen forum. Seasonal and off seasonal vegetable training to women groups.
- 12. Capacity building training to cooperative executive members.
- 13. Support for Income Generation through Cooperative.
- 14. Local Seed support to the women farmers and store seeds in seed bank.
- 15. Management support to Cooperative. (Continue.....).
- 16. Communication and coordination with government and non-government organization. (Continue...).
- 17. Quarterly Program Monitoring by board Member
- 18. Accounting Software and website maintain
- 19. Project Social Audit for 1 times etc.

The Program Processes:

After the agreement of this project, SEED is cooperating with related assemblies of Government of Nepal and Social Welfare Council and Social Organization's Federation and networks as well in order to conduct programs following the related policies and implementing them.

Essential Acceptance and Process for Project Implementation:

First of all, in order to conduct the project of SEED in the partnership of DKA Austria, SEED filled up the form of Ministry of Nepal Government, Social Welfare Council Kathmandu as per the rule of Ministry of Government of Nepal. Details of organization's official certificates, progress report, agreement and total budget of project had been submitted and requested to Social Welfare Council for the approval of the project and it has already been approved.

Written Information of Project to related assembly of Nepal Government:

In the subject of "Local Women and Children Empowerment through Sustainability Program" SEED organized the program coordinating with related local assembly of Nepal Government, Office of District Development Committee, Women and children office, office of Village Development Committee, Municipality, social organizations, different groups and networks in order to share different opinions about the project. The representative of related assemblies and different political parties committed and promised us to help us and make the program successful.

Project Implementing Processes of SWC:

SEED fulfilled all the below mentioned processes for the approval of SEED and DKA Austria partnership program from Social Welfare Council.

- ✓ Form prepared by Social Welfare Council filled up and submitted
- ✓ Submitted annual report, audit report and renewal registration certificate and Social Welfare Council involved certificate of SEED
- ✓ Partnership agreement certificate submitted
- ✓ Submission of project activities, budget and planning
- ✓ After the submission of all the documents of SEED, Social Welfare Council provided written acceptance certificate after 1 month After the submission of all the required documents

Informed and cooperated to Village Development Committee, District Development Committee and Municipality:

Shared about the program to district development committee, municipality and village development committee and provided approval letter and budget and made them promise to help and support us in our different programs.

- ✓ Informed about program
- ✓ Provided agreement, budget and planning of project
- ✓ Information given about working areas
- ✓ Discussion in the subject of targeted groups
- ✓ Shared about program nature

Project information to stakeholders and right holders of working areas:

We shared and informed about the related project to the related groups, species, stakeholders and right holders of our targeted working areas.

- ✓ Orientation and group discussion with targeted group
- ✓ Informed about the country and name of partnership organization which is funding SEED i.e. DKA Austria
- ✓ Shared about target groups selection
- ✓ Informed about the project activities and budget
- ✓ Discussion with local stakeholders about coordination and cooperation

The Program Completed Activities:

We have conducted following activities which are given below:

1. District level interaction and sharing about program with the stakeholders.

Introduction:

District level interaction and sharing program was conducted with the local agencies prime stakeholders and right holders before the initiation of program activities in partnership with DKA Austria and SEED organization with a view to share information about the program. Initial phase program's orientation was conducted in presence of concerned CDO, other governmental official representatives, civil society, press and social activist and organizations representatives of the program. Since, the program is related to direct beneficent to education, health and economic life of women and children along with positive impact in the social sector, everybody appreciated and welcomed this program and even heartily thanked to DKA Austria.

All stakeholders have fully supported for the successful conduction of this program from all sides. This district level project interaction and sharing program was held in Ghohari city, headquarter of Dang district on 10th April 2016 in Rapti Super lodge. In the program altogether 36 representatives were present out of which 14 were female and 22 were male. The program was conducted successfully with warm welcome.

Project introductory program's objective:

- ➤ To provide information about the project with the concerned stakeholder agencies at district level.
- To collect needful advice, suggestions and feedbacks related to program subject.
- ➤ To coordinate and cooperate for successful conduction of program.

Suggestions from stakeholders and right holders:

- Foremost, local agencies stakeholders have expressed their happiness and gratitude towards DKA Austria working together in co-operation with SEED organization in Dang district in the important sector of Women and Children.
- > They have expressed best wishes for the successful program.
- They have expressed their best wishes for the substantial flow and conduction of the program.
- They have suggested enlarging the working area's as currently the coverage area is small.
- They have focused in commercial, employment and skill development activities.

Learning:

➤ Pre-information sharing about the project before the implementation of program with the local agencies stakeholders helps for the smooth conduction of program with their important suggestions and counseling.

2. Leadership development training to women rights forum.

Introduction:

In order to enhance socially, economically, educationally and politically to poor's, Dalits, Indigenous and backward women staying in rural areas along with a view to increase their capacity development in related local agencies and make meaningful presence, access including at decision level making, leadership development training to women rights forum was provided to targeted women groups, associations and representatives of women rights forum through women groups and associations.

This training was held so that women can fight and struggle with their daily basis problems empowering them to live an independent social life ensuring their women rights. It will help women groups to play a successful responsible role enhancing their important demands and queries. This program was held in the official building of SEED organization on 12th May 2016 in presence of 35 women.

Training Objective:

- > It will help to mobilize and strengthen women rights forum.
- > It will help to minimize various kinds of violence over women.
- > To construct a capable and competent woman rights activist.
- ➤ Help to unify different kinds of women groups and associations.
- > To establish meaningful presence and access of women in various sectors of local agencies.

Suggestions from Participants:

- ➤ Time to time review meeting need to be conducted for the effective mobilization of Women Forum.
- Expansion of awareness at community level to minimize the various kinds of incidents occurring at local level.

3. To help in the development of women empower at inter VDC level to women network\alliance:

Introduction:

SEED organization has formed different networks of women groups, association, negotiation centre and women rights forum in its working VDC's. In order to empower and develop capacity of these alliance women representative members so that they can play an important role towards least developed and backward women for the utilization, mobilization and transparent distribution of local resources, budgets and projects allocated from the VDC's of their local agencies for their means of livelihood, economic empowerment, capacity development and skill development, this training was conducted for the intra VDC's women association and networks.

For the creation of ease livelihood environment of economically, socially, politically, culturally and educationally of numerous numbers of backward women by various means for their equal participation, access and increment of their participation in means of livelihood sustaining their leadership role for the welfare and rights of women along with to empower them from various awareness program with an objective to mobilize them, this training was held in official building of SEED organization on 7 June 2016 with an active participant of 29 women.

Training Objective:

- Meaningful participation and increase access in local agencies.
- > To strengthen and make capable in mobilization of women networks.
- ➤ Information give and take process about women rights and policies.
- ➤ Identification, utilization and mobilization of local resources.

Subject related to training conduction:

- Clarification over the objective and meaning of conducting training.
- > Expectation of participant from training.
- Program review of regular work performed by women networks.
- ➤ Women fundamental rights in Nepal constitution.
- Gender equality and social inclusion.
- > Group mobilization and leadership development.
- > Domestic violence and its minimization.

Suggestions collected from participants:

- ➤ Continuous conduction of training related to this.
- Awareness to marginalized and poor women of local level.
- Make to understand importance of women groups, associations and networks.
- > Women should be made alert in communication.

4. Facilitate and conduct regular group meeting.

The targeted different women groups, associations, women networks, child club and women representatives of co-operative organizations in the working areas of SEED organization through the REFLECT classes in their group meetings have a regular discussion and interaction in various socio-economical, educational, health and political sectors. Along with they do have discussion related to individual, village and incidents occurred in society including seasonal and non-seasonal weather, awareness and their pre-preparation in their group meetings. They also have a regular discussion about the group works of groups, review of development and progress and future plans in their women group meetings. In then, REFLECT facilitator's facilitates in the mobilization of groups and communities.

5. Gender equity and Women domestic violence training: no. (5, 7)

Introduction:

Domestic violence in rural women is still persisting mostly from their own family members and society. So, this training was conducted with an objective to help mitigate this violence and to provide gender equity and inclusion opportunities enhancing awareness in these areas. According to acts and policies made by nation for gender equity and women domestic violence and being based on it we had a discussion on the training for its behavioral implementation bringing public awareness so that women can be more capable and associate in order to reduce domestic violence's and enhance gender equity on their own. This training was held on 13th Aug 2016 in Tulsipur, Dang with an active participation of 25 women form different women groups.

Training Objective:

- Awareness about the domestic violence happening to women.
- > Associate women towards domestic violence.
- ➤ Help in curing violence victim women through laws.
- > To focus in gender equality in all areas.

Gender relationship:

- > Social relationship between male and female is said to be gender relationship.
- ➤ Differences between male and female are created by society which in then goes changing with the time.

➤ There are different variations stuck between male and female according to place, environment and caste.

Equality:

- Equality means adaptation of justifiable behavior. Gender and castes equality means justification in every opportunities and access to resources to be obtained by male and female.
- With an objective to bring equality in male and female it doesn't mean giving equal opportunities to all brings equality. It even doesn't mean they will be able to gain it equally rather gaining opportunities depends in an individual and community's capacity, importance and environment.
- As there is not equal access in the social and economic resources of male-female, high class and backwards so we need to expand it applying justifiable vision and process.

Behavioral Necessity:

Behavioral necessity basically represents importance's that arises from existing work division occurring in between male and female like, drinking water, health service, housing management, cloths management, income-generation etc.

Diplomatic Necessity:

Diplomatic necessity signifies practice taken to change traditional gender relationship's along with to eradicate and help in minimization of discrimination existing between male and female like, women representative in community, equal wages to women like men, equal law rights etc.

6. Orientation to women about their rights mentioned in new constitution 2072.

Introduction:

This program was conducted to inform and make aware about the women fundamental rights mentioned in the new constitution 2072 B.S of Nepal for the women groups and women rights forum living in the rural areas of Nepal.

Women deprived from fundamental women rights were notified about the constitutional process of curing and human rights to get reasonable justice. For the constitutional process based on women rights and solving their daily life problems like, what to do to get justice from concerned governmental agencies? Where to go? How to go? To go which agencies for the related task etc, acknowledging all about this enhancing women participation and access in the concerned agencies will help them in their unification. This program was conducted on 15th August 2016 with an active participation of 35 women in Tulsipur, Dang.

Program objective:

- > To inform about the women fundamental rights mentioned in the new constitution 2072 of Nepal.
- > Focus in behavioral implementation of women fundamental rights.
- ➤ Good associate and mobilization of women towards their rights.

Suggestions received from participants:

- > Participant appreciated program topics.
- ➤ Need of extension of program duration.

8. Capacity building orientation to VDC Child clubs.

Introduction:

This training was conducting with an objective for the children and child clubs formed in the working VDC's of SEED organization to minimize child labor exploitation and child misbehavior facing by them to increase participation and equal access in education providing them necessary knowledge, skills and building their capacities about child rights.

Due to lack of enough information about the budgets allocated by VDC for the growths and development of children among children, these resources are not being utilized properly. So, with a view to increase child awareness about the resources that comes in the name of children for its proper use, this training was conducted. This training is playing an important role in building their capacities along with in formation of child clubs. It was conducted in the resource centre of Urahari VDC on 12th August 2016 with a presence of 25 children.

Training Objective:

- To provide information about child rights to children.
- > It will help to minimize child labor exploitation, child misbehavior and child marriage.
- > It will help in regular conduction of child clubs activities.

Training conduction materials:

- ➤ What children want?
- > Child right and constitutional management.
- > Child networks and work responsibilities.
- > Child network mobilization and its necessities.
- ➤ All round status of children.
- Child clubs capacity development and leadership.

Suggestions received from participants:

> Even though child networks and child club prepares various programs and plans but it is not being implemented effectively.

➤ Even though discussions are made in child club about drug abuse, bad contact and child marriage incidents but it is not being able to minimize totally.

9. Stationery support to poor and orphan children.

This stationary support program was conducted for the children of poor and marginalized family so that they can continue their education regularly. Mostly due to lack of stationeries like uniform, books and copies for study purpose most children from poor and marginalized family who cannot afford education to their children because of their poor economic condition drop out and discontinue education. So, this support program was conducted for the children with a motive to continue their education going to school regularly and get knowledge.

It will help parents to send their children to school easily in a regular manner along with will help to reduce their burden economically. This support program was held in official building of SEED organization on the occasion of national child day on 14th September 2016 and from which 21 children from 21 schools falling in the working areas of SSED were benefited. In the program 45 participants were present out of which 37 were female and 8 were male.

Training objective:

- It will help children in regular continuation of education in school.
- It will create favorable environment for continues study in the school.
- To aware parents/guardians towards the future and education of children.

Consultation and Suggestions:

- To bring improvement in the educational status of children from poor family members, stationary support programs should keep on continuing (Principal (Prigaun school) and chief guest of program: Tikaram Dhakal).
- The future of children will only become safe when parents will be more responsible in the activities and education of children in bringing their improvement in education.

10. Training on Traditional Skills- a month Traditional Commercial *Dhakiya* Swing Training of Tharu Women:

Introduction:

Society for Environment Education Development (SEED) in cooperation with DKA, Austraia under the project "Local women and children economic empowerment and livelihood program" conducted "A month Traditional Commercial *Dhakiya* Swing Training for Tharu Women" for the poor and marginalized groups of Tharu women living in remote areas of Dang district. This training was provided to these groups of women in order to promote, develop and preserve traditional Tharu culture and traditions of swing commercial *Dhakiya* including with an objective to improve their economic status by developing their skills through this training. Women can easily spend their leisure time doing after all house chores in swing *Dhakiya* as provided by

this training. They can readily get materials for this *Dhakiya* preparation at local level such that this program will be great help for them for income generation and make market in a convenient way. This training was successfully completed in the Manpur VDC of Dang with an active participation of 22 Tharu Women under the trainee of Mrs. Sarita Chaudhary.

Training Objective:

- To promote, preserve and develop traditional skills of Tharu tribe.
- > To utilize and mobilize resources available at local level.
- ➤ To increase income generation at commercial level motivating *Dhakiya* swing training.

Outcomes Achieved:

- Tharu women have unified to uplift, preserve, promote and develop disappearing Tharu women traditional skill of swing *Dhakiya*.
- Tharu women are increasing their source of income swing 10 different kinds of *Dhakiya*.
- > They have built confidence in their skills.

Learning:

- ➤ Community people express their happiness towards the important skills that can be learnt through small resources available in the habitats or villages.
- > Training has been beneficial for Tharu women in generating income in commercial form despite household chores managing their time.

Participants:

Following is the list of participants who participated in "A month Traditional Commercial *Dhakiya* Swing Training of Tharu Women" conducted in Manpur VDC under the cooperation of DKA, Austria and SEED, Dang.

| S.N | Name | Address | S.N | Name | Address |
|-----|-------------------|--------------------|-----|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | SabitaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Laxmipur | 12 | SitaChaudhary | Manpur-4, Dokreni |
| 2 | SamjhanaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Laxmipur | 13 | SunitaChaudhary | Manpur-4, Dokreni |
| 3 | SabitaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Laxmipur | 14 | Gita Chaudhary | Manpur-6, Velahi |
| 4 | SarmilaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau | 15 | LaxmiChaudhary | Manpur-6, Velahi |
| 5 | SunitaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau | 16 | MangaliChaudhary | Manpur-6, Velahi |
| 6 | Nita Chaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau | 17 | KalpanaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau |

| 7 | SitaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau | 18 | UrmilaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Velahi |
|----|--------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------|-------------------|
| 8 | Maya Chaudhary | Manpur-6, Laxmipur | 19 | BimalaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau |
| 9 | SitaChaudhary | Manpur-4, Lahalaura | 20 | SitaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Ratau |
| 10 | ParbatiChaudhary | Manpur-4, Dokreni | 21 | SunitaChaudhary | Manpur-6, Velahi |
| 11 | DilKumariChaudhary | Manpur-4, Dokreni | 22 | SaritaChaudhary | Urahari-7, Kataha |

11. Orientation on participatory VDC planning process -for the poor and targeted groups in their participation:

Introduction:

Society for Environment Education Development (SEED) organization in cooperation with DKA Austria conducted one day orientation training related to participatory VDC planning process in two VDC's Manpur and Phoolbari of Dang district based on "Sustainable Livelihood Program" for the "Economic Empowerment of Women and Children" in presence of Ward Citizen Forum (WCF) and Citizen Awareness Committee's (CAC) position holders and representatives. This program was conducted in order to increase the number of targeted participants in the VDC planning process for the effective implementation, distribution and management of local resources and budgets allocated by government for the overall development of the poor and backward citizens of the VDC's being based on the rules and policies mentioned in the provisional guideline 2069 of Government of Nepal for the implementation and management of local resources owed by government.

So, this training will basically focus on targeted poor oriented budget analysis and questionnaire, gender mainstream and social inclusion's policy, objective, program and resource mobilization including its conduction. Concerned VDC constitutes poor, marginalized, backward groups, Indigenous groups, Dalits, disables, senior citizens, women and children including socially exiled backward people. We have expected that this plans and programs made for these poor and backward groups and people will be addressed by VDC council which in then will help in its implementation from village and Ward level to VDC level for the economic and social empowerment including social inclusion, active participation, to make and increase access at local agencies, overall development and reconstruction of society for these backward groups and poor people.

Program Objective:

✓ To help to aware service providers and service consumers about the provisional polices and processes mentioned in the mobilization and management of resources of local agencies in the working procedure guideline 2069 of Nepal.

- ✓ To help to make meaningful participation of targeted groups while making plans and programs of gender mainstream and social inclusion's conducted at Ward, Village and Street level.
- ✓ To help to make poor oriented and questionnaire including gender oriented programs, budgets and plans.

Program Conduction Methods and Processes:

We had determined the time schedule of program coordinating social mobilizer's of VDC and organizers of Ward Citizen Forum. We then made the name list of program participants and informed them. Social Mobilizer Mr. BinodChaudhary had welcomed and provided information about training to all presented participants in the program. Program organizer Mr. BhagiramChaudhary in then clarified the overall objective of the program and project. Finally, discussion and presentation about 14th session of participants planning process was done.

Program Subjects:

- Information about subsidy to women that comes in local agency.
- Budget allocation areas and expenses.
- Basis for poor and gender oriented budget allocation.
- Women participants in the 14th session of planning process.

Program Activities:

This program (VDC planning process orientation) was conducted to make VDC planning process in the participation of these poor and backward people according to local agency resource mobilization and management guideline to increase their participation and help in its implementation in VDC planning process. In the program, discussion over the areas of budget allocation and what is the basis of budget allocation for the poor and gender oriented was done informing local agencies about the subsidies that comes for the conduction of plans and programs.

Being based on local agency resource mobilization and management guideline 2069, discussion over 14th session planning process was done in which planning process at ward level should be prioritized was stated for the effective implementation of planning process made for poor and gender oriented for its conduction at village level with the active participation of these poor and backward groups.

Opinions from Program Participants:

- It seems in the planning process participants from poor and marginalized groups need to be increased. (By Raj Kumari Chaudhary: Coordinator of Ward Citizen Forum, Manpur VDC).
- Normally people have views that in the planning process there should be only a physical development. (By Anita Pokhrel, Ward Citizen Forum Coordinator.
- There is involvement of political leaders in making gender oriented budgets. They are creating obstruction. (By TilaOli, Ward Citizen Forum Coordinator).

Program's participant detail:

| Dalit | | Indigenous | | Others | | Total | |
|-------|------|------------|------|--------|------|-------|------|
| Women | Male | Women | Male | Women | Male | Women | Male |
| 1 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 12 | 6 | 21 | 10 |

Main Outcomes of Trainings:

- People have become capable of selecting poor and gender oriented plans with the participants of poor and marginalized groups.
- Planning process has been attempted to make it practical being based on local agencies resource mobilization and management guideline 2069.

Learning:

We can bring sustainability and effectiveness in planning process program if local agency can do effective implementation and make citizens aware about local agencies resource mobilization and management working procedure guideline 2069 for effective planning process and make poor and gender oriented plans.

12. Seasonal and off seasonal vegetable training to women groups.

Introduction:

SEED organization has formed the associations of poor women farmers in its working VDC's. This training was conducted with an objective basically for these poor and women farmer associations to increase their skills, knowledge and capacity in the sector of agriculture for their means of livelihood using new techniques of farming through sustainable agriculture in 5 VDC's. It focus, makes capable and motivates farmers to use new scientific techniques improving their old traditional style of farming to get maximum products and profit from less investment and to work more and efficiently in less time with the use of new agricultural techniques to improve their economic status.

We have expected that this training will help to bring creativity and improvement in the traditional style of farming using new agricultural techniques. It will help in promoting, improving, securing and processing of local level rare crops, foods, vegetables, seeds and seedlings along with their food storage. It will help to create easy environment for means of livelihood enhancing their economic status with the increase and development of agricultural products with this new modern techniques of farming. This training was conducted with an active participation of 37 farmers in which 26 were female farmers and 11 were male farmers. The facilitator of this program for facilitation of Senior Farmers was Mr. Nabaraj Rawat.

Training Objective:

- To enhance awareness about importance and improvement of agriculture for women farmer groups.
- > To motivate traditional system of farming into commercial form through creative methods.
- > To motivate in preparing local compost manures and herbal medicines.
- Promotion and protection of local foods and vegetable seeds and seedlings disappearing at local level.
- ➤ Help in market management of all agricultural products produced by farmers.

Vegetable seed seedling distribution:

| Name of VDC | Female farmer participant | Male farmer participant |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Manpur VDC | 2 | 2 |
| Tarigaun VDC | 2 | 2 |
| Tarigaun VDC | 8 | 0 |
| Urahari VDC | 2 | 3 |
| Phoolbari VDC | 8 | 0 |
| Total | 23 | 7 |

Training Materials:

- > To take developing capacities, skills and knowledge of new agricultural methods of farming reviewing traditional method of agricultural farming.
- Focus in promotion and protection of rare local foods and vegetable crops.
- ➤ Information about seasonal and off seasonal vegetables.
- > To impart knowledge and skills to prepare insecticides from local herbs.

➤ Go on minimizing chemical manure and pesticides.

Suggestions:

- ➤ Management of time adaptive seasonal and off seasonal vegetable farming training along with its availability with discount.
- To make free availability of vegetables and spices seeds and seedlings, foods, chemical fertilizer, medicine treatment, agricultural tools and farming techniques by nation for the poor farmers.
- ➤ Management of market along with development of knowledge, skills and capacity for the conduction of agriculture commercially.
- Nation should do agricultural subsidy for the commercialization and sustained of agricultural works.

13. Capacity building training to cooperative executive members.

Capacity building training was provided to cooperative executive members of Bhagya Krishi Co-operative Organization Ltd in order to develop their capacities, co-operative education and fundamental values, norms and policies so that it will help to mobilize the cooperative organization effectively with more responsibilities.

We have expected that this program will additionally motivate, support and energize the shareholders of this co-operative organization to launch their normal work into commercial form and make them easy for their sustainable means of livelihood. Likewise, this training will play an important role for the economic empowerment of poor and backward families enhancing awareness about the co-operative and its common understanding towards it. This training was conducted with an active participation of 28 people where 23 were female participants and 3 were male participants.

Training Objective:

- > To inform about the co-operative organization's objective, values, norms and rights.
- ➤ To increase the share membership of co-operative organization.
- > To inspire share members for conduction of commercial oriented works.

Training methods and process:

- Cooperative organization's values, norms, rights along with work and responsibilities were discussed with participation. In the discussion, illustrating task being done by cooperative executive members, cooperative's meaning, importance and role of committee's were also clearly explained.
- ➤ In the training, in order to conduct the cooperative organization effectively group discussions, knowledge, skills and experience sharing were held about how share members can make sustainable commercialization along with importance of regular saving and loan investment in the cooperative organization.

Training activities:

- > Capacity development of associated share members in the cooperative organization.
- ➤ Information about the agricultural materials and subsidy made available by Nepali government for the farmers.
- ➤ How can we get discounted loan from nation?
- ➤ How can we flow service of cooperative organization in an easy way up to backward groups/committees?
- ➤ How can we increase participation of all share members?
- Acknowledge of executive's work, role, responsibility and duty.
- ➤ Cooperative sustainable management and effective implementation.

Participant's feedbacks, demand and suggestions:

- ➤ Bhagya Krishi Cooperative should explore the awareness of its cooperative associating poor women, farmers and jobless youths of villages and tol (sub village).
- > To enforce for the management of discounted loan for knowledge, skills and commercial work
- Tour and visualization program of ideal Cooperative's.
- ➤ Help in the mobilization of collected fund of groups in a managed way.

14. Support for Income Generation through Cooperative.

Introduction:

SEED in cooperation with Bhagya Krishi Cooperative Ltd is mobilizing revolving fund for the women and children staying in the working areas of SEED with an objective to help them for their commercial means of livelihood improving their all-around development. In then it will help the poor women groups and members of cooperative to run different kinds of works in commercial form for their livelihood. This program will help to empower women economically improving their life status along with will provide good nutrition and quality education for their children.

Objective:

- ➤ It will help for the sustainable commercial means of livelihood for the marginalized, poorest and low income sources members enhancing their income generation.
- ➤ It will help for the economic empowerment of cooperative members gradually minimizing their poverty mobilizing the revolving fund in low-priced process as possible for their sustainable livelihood.
- To help to use maximum local resources and materials in need to make them live and do sustainable livelihood.
- ➤ Help to increase active participation of poor and marginalized groups in the local resources and materials.

➤ To provide regular effective supervision, monitoring, practical implementation, good utilization and mobilization of revolving fund.

Process:

- ➤ Good coordination, cooperation and discussion will be taken in regular basis for the smooth mobilization of revolving fund with the Bhagya Krishi Cooperative Organization.
- Discussion about mobilization of revolving fund, its significance and target groups.
- > Study of conducted activities and output documents prepared by Cooperative and discussion with related target groups.
- Available of revolving fund for the poorest farmers for their livelihood.

Subject related to Revolving Fund:

- ➤ Good coordination and cooperation with Bhagya Krishi Cooperative Organization.
- Preparation of guidelines for the mobilization of revolving fund.
- > Agreement with Cooperative.
- > Determination of target groups for the mobilization of revolving fund.

Collected suggestions and feedbacks:

- ➤ Mobilization of revolving fund has eased the means of livelihood.
- ➤ It has ease to take traditional works into commercial form.
- ➤ It has provided discounted loan in comparison to high loan of different kinds of Banks and Finance Organizations.

Objective wise Revolving fund investment 2016

| S.N | Objective | Female | Male | Investment Individual investment | | Total investment |
|-----|--------------|--------|------|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Goat rearing | 13 | 0 | NRs.3,82,000.00 | NRs. 1,03,000.00 | NRs. 4,85,000.00 |
| 2 | Retail shop | 4 | 0 | NRs. 1,00,000.00 | NRs. 42,000.00 | NRs. 1,42,000.00 |
| | Total | 17 | 0 | NRs. 4,82,000.00 | NRs. 1,45,000.00 | NRs. 6,27,000.00 |

Revolving fund investment 2016:

| S.N | Name | Address | Objectives | Discounted loan | Individual investment | Total NRs. |
|-----|----------------|---------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 1 | Parbata B.K | Manpur | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 5,000 | 30,000 |
| 2 | Dilmaya Gharti | Manpur | Retail Shop | 25,000 | 15,000 | 40,000 |

| 3 | Devisara Dangi | Manpur | Retail Shop | 20,000 | 10,000 | 30,000 |
|----|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 4 | Laxmi Chaudhary | Goltakuri | Retail Shop | 25,000 | 20,000 | 45,000 |
| 5 | Ashmani Khatri | Goltakuri | Goat Rearing | 1,00,000 | 50,000 | 1,50,000 |
| 6 | Bishnu Gautam | Goltakuri | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 5,000 | 30,000 |
| 7 | Bishnu Kumari Giri | Tarigaun | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 3,000 | 28,000 |
| 8 | Dhana Kumari Oli | Urahari | Goat Rearing | 20,000 | 5,000 | 25,000 |
| 9 | Laxmi Gharti | Urahari | Goat Rearing | 20,000 | 0 | 20,000 |
| 10 | Kamala Basnet | Urahari | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 0 | 25,000 |
| 11 | Lalita Rawat | Urahari | Goat Rearing | 30,000 | 5,000 | 35,000 |
| 12 | Tulki B.K. | Urahari | Retail Shop | 30,000 | 10,000 | 40,000 |
| 13 | Nirmala Gharti | Urahari | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 2,000 | 27,000 |
| 14 | Kamala D,C. | Fulbari | Goat Rearing | 20,000 | 5,000 | 25,000 |
| 15 | Shanta Khadka | Fulbari | Goat Rearing | 17,000 | 5,000 | 22000 |
| 16 | Raj Kumari Rana | Fulbari | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 0 | 25,000 |
| 17 | Purna Bhandari | Fulbari | Goat Rearing | 25,000 | 0 | 25,000 |
| | Total Amount | | | 4,82,000 | 1,45,000 | 6,27,000 |

15. Local Seed support to the women farmers and store seeds in seed bank.

The following are the list of seed support beneficiaries.

| No. | Name | Address | Seed items | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|---------|--------|--|--|
| | | | Bitter gourd | Cucu mber | Bottle Gourd | Tomato | Silver Cup | Cabbage | Chilly | | |
| 1 | Bishnu Giri | Tarigaun,9 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | | |
| 2 | Purna Bhandari | Fulbari,6 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | | |
| 3 | Sapana Chaudhary | Fulbari,2 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | | |

| 4 | Khima Pun | Urahari,2 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
|----|------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5 | Nandakali Bhuda | Urahari,5 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 6 | Suntali B.K. | Urahari,5 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 7 | Tara Dangi | Urahari,2 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 8 | Sanchi Chaydhary | Urahari,3 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 9 | Jivani Khadka | Fulbari,6 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 10 | Gyan Bahadur Basnet | Manpur,2 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 11 | Gambar B.K. | Goltakuri,6 | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 12 | Dev Bahadur Khatri | | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 13 | Ramisharaan Chaudhary | Tulsipur,12 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 14 | Dhubraj Chaudhari | Tulsipur,12 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 15 | Dil Bahadur Budhathoki | Manpur,4 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 16 | Ganesh Kumar K.C. | Goltakuri,5 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 17 | Chhita Khadka | Fulbari,3 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 18 | Tulasa Dangi | Fulbari,6 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 19 | Tika Pariyar | Manpur,7 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 20 | Mina Sunar | Manpur,7 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 21 | Parbata Khadka | Fulbari,6 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 22 | Ganga Oli | Fulbari,6 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 23 | Deva B.K. | Urahari,5 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 24 | Chandrakala B,K. | Goltakuri,9 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 25 | Tila B.K. | Goltakuri,9 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 26 | Janaki Chaudhary | Fulbari,7 | | | | | | | |
| 27 | Tika Chaudhary | Tarigaun,9 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 28 | Saity Chaudhary | Tarigaun,9 | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
| 29 | Kabali Bhudamagar | | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |

| 30 | 0 | Sushmita Chaudhary | 0.34g | 0.17g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g | 0.34g |
|----|---|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

Caste Details of training participants:

| Conducted activities | Direct beneficiaries from program | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|---------|------|--------|------|--------|------|-------|
| | | Dalit | | ru | Ind | _ | Bra | | Chhetri | | Other | | Total | | In |
| | | | | | nous | | min | | | | | | | | Total |
| | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | |
| 1. District level project introductory program with the stakeholder agencies | 2 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 14 | 22 | 36 |
| 2.Leadership development training to women rights forum | 3 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 4 | 36 |
| 3. VDC level capacity building training to women networks | 2 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 4 | 30 |
| 4.Facilitate and conduct regular meeting | 8 | 2 | 26 | 4 | 1 6 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 10 | 78 |
| 5. Orientation to women about domestic violence & Gender equity. (No.5,7) | 4 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 3 | 28 |
| 6. Orientation to women about their rights mentioned in new constitution 2072 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 5 | 30 |
| 8. Capacity building orientation to VDC Child clubs | 0 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 16 | 27 |
| 9.Stationery support to poor and orphan children | 1 2 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 8 | 45 |
| 12.Seasonal and non-seasonal vegetable farming and seed distribution | 6 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 11 | 37 |
| 13.building training to cooperative executive members | 2 | 0 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 5 | 31 |
| 14.Suppor for Income Generation through cooperative | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 17 |

| 15.Local seed support to the women farmers and store in seed bank | 5 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 |
|---|--------|---|----|--------|--------|-----|-----|---|----|----|---|---|---------|----|-----|
| Total | 4 9 | 5 | 92 | 3 9 | 6 4 | 1 2 | 4 3 | 8 | 68 | 30 | 0 | 3 | 32 7 | 98 | 425 |

16. Management support to Cooperative. (Continue....)

We have conducted following management support to cooperative activities which are given below:

- 1. Support to Cooperative Manager.
- 2. Communication.
- 3. Support to Assembly Program of Cooperative.
- 4. Cupboard.

17. Communication and coordination with government and non- government organization. (Continue...)

SEED in cooperation with DKA Austria under the "Women and children economic empowerment for sustainable livelihood" program conducted Local coordination and communication program. The program was conducted to increase the coordination and communication between the local agencies for the betterment and sustainability of program. Following were the forums and agencies with which SEED organization held the coordination and communication program for the smooth and effective running of the project.

- 1. District Child & Women Office
- 2. District Coordination Committee Office
- 3. District Education Office
- 4. District Public Health Office
- 5. Tulsipur Municipality
- 6. VDC etc.

Objective of the program:

- To increase coordination and communication with local agencies for betterment of the program.
- To run the programs effectively.
- To increase the public awareness
- For accountability and transparency of the project.

18. Quarterly Program Monitoring by board Member:

The major authority of monitoring & evaluation is determined to the EC members. Similarly Project heads, Board members & officers of concerned Subject-offices are being involved for ensuring activities implementation from right-based approach measuring both out-puts & out-comes. Those involved personals prepare reports & submit to the organization. Hereafter it goes on discussion in every staff's review & reflection meeting, extract conclusion for improvement if there are any drawbacks in result-oriented execution. Similarly the organization has systematic trend of sharing about the period whether that learning, challenge, achievement or success within the project. For this task respective project officer is liable for draft compilation and at ultimate Program coordinator and Chair-person has the debt of finalization & sub-mission to the concerned parties.

19. Accounting Software and website maintain:

The organization has developed the Anti-corruption policy, Staff Code of Conduct, financial policy & rest is in draft. Similarly SEED has developed its own web-site & Accounting FAMAS soft-ware.

✓ web-site : www: seeddang.org.np

20. Social Audit Program – with stakeholders, right holders and public citizens:

Introduction:

Social audit program was successfully completed on the hall of Industrial Commercial Association of Tulsipur in cooperation with Society for Environment Education Development (SEED) and DKA Austria under the "Women and Children Economic Empowerment for Sustainable Livelihood" project. This program was conducted in order to inform local agencies stakeholders This program has important role in promoting good governance, transparency and accountability in front of right holders, citizens, stakeholder's agency and targeted groups about the activities and budgets conducted under this project.

Program Objective:

- Provide information about implemented activities and outcomes of the project.
- Provide information about budget utilization.
- To organize good governance, transparency and accountability.

Program Conduction Processes:

Program was conducted with the participants of stakeholders and direct beneficiaries living in working areas. In then, program was initiated in presence of Mr. TopenderaBahadur K.C authorized executive of Tulsipur municipality as a main guest and in chairmanship of Mr. Bhagiram Chaudhary a chairperson of Society for Environment Education Development (SEED) organization. In the program "Economic Report" by authorized accountant Mrs. Indira Sharma and program "Progress Report" by Hari Prasad Khanal were presented respectively. Then detail discussion about the program report was done through the participatory process. Finally, all the questions raised from participants were answered and clarified by Chairperson Mr. BhagiramChaudhary of the organization.

Program Subject:

- Provide information about program's annual progress to stake holders of local agency and right holders of targeted group.
- News bulletins, photo exhibition, publication and magazines/newspapers by organization.
- Presentation of organizations "Annual Progress Report" and "Economic Progress Report".
- Group discussion over presented reports.
- Suggestion collection from reports.

Program Activities:

Annual progress and economic progress report of conducted activities of organization were presented. On the way of presenting reports, political objectives followed by organization, illustrative works done by organization and overall outcomes, information of each projects and its detail activities including net results achieved from those activities were informed. Information about outcomes obtained from conducted activities and utilization of expenses were also provided. Hence, after the presentation of reports group discussion through participatory process was done.

On the way of discussion, participants have stated that "Social Audit Program" should be conducted in such a way so that public citizens can know it easily. People have kept their opinions that in the social audit programs conducted by different organizations clearly do not provide information about the budget's expenses mentioned in the plan activities. Speakers participated in the program has said that in order to keep transparency and accountability, every agency should present their economic audit program in front of public citizens. They added even it is impossible to maintain transparency and accountability without social audit program and it's useless to conduct social audit program where public citizens are unknown about it. Hence, other organizations should also conduct social audit program and they should learnt it from Society for Environment Education Development (SEED) organization was the opinion of prime guest Mr. Topendra Bahadur K.C Authorized Executive of Tulsipur Municipality.

Program Participants Detail:

| Da | alit | Indig | enous | Oth | ners | Total | | | |
|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|--|--|
| Women | Male | Women | Male | Women | Male | Women | Male | | |
| 6 | 2 | 21 | 12 | 28 | 36 | 55 | 51 | | |

Outcomes Achieved from Program:

- Stakeholders and right holders from local agency have stated that activities and budgets conducted under the project were useful, practical and transparent.
- Public citizens were informed about programs of SEED organizations through measurement work in transparent form.
- It has developed a positive sense that Nation's local agency in presence of meaningful participants of citizens should also do Social Audit Program about programs budget, plans and budget utility for public citizens.

21. Capacity building training of staff and board members.

When the Euro Dollar's value increased then we had some additional amount of fund left around NRs. 61,000. Then board members had a meeting and came to decision to utilize that remaining amount in the capacity building of board and staff members of organization. So, this training was conducted to increase the capacity and personality development of the office board staff of the organization. This training was conducted in the official building of SEED organization with active participation of 23 members successfully.

Objective of the program:

- To build the capacity of the staffs.
- To build personality development of the staffs.
- To increase the work plan capacity of the staffs in the program.
- To increase local mobilization work in the field.

- Policy update of SEED
- Developed Ant corruption Policy of SEED

Learning:

- Time to time capacity building training helps to motivate office staff to work as per the plan with more inspiration and plan.
- It used to strengthen staffs capacity.

Outputs of activities:

- ➤ 23 beneficiaries from poor family members after getting vegetable seed seedling support are able to earn daily NRs. 250-300 from vegetable production.
- ➤ Out of 17 women 13 women from goat rearing and 4 from retail shop are earning good in mobilizing revolving fund obtained from Bhagya Krishi cooperative organization.
- ➤ For the seed bank storage 30 poor farmers were provided agricultural training along with different kinds of seeds for production.
- ➤ Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K after big effort of REFLECT centre is able to obtain Nepali citizenship after 43 years.
- ➤ 4 women after getting women capacity and leadership training are able to become coordinator and sub-coordinator of ward citizen forum.
- ➤ 21 children from poor families have continued to school after getting scholarship support.
- ➤ Women are able to implement their amount allocated by VDC council for their own development and purpose.
- ➤ Share members of women participants are increasing in Cooperative along with its good management.

Learning:

- ➤ Women feel comfort in fighting for their rights being associated with women groups and networks.
- > Small revolving fund is also able to improve the economic status of the family.
- ➤ We are able raise voice of women in building capacity of targeted women in different local agencies.
- School dress and stationery support for the poor and orphanage children has created favorable environment for their school continuation.

Major Challenges that Occurred in Proposed Working Sites:

- Increasing range of the use of Chemical fertilizers & Pesticides by local farmers that leaving adverse effects on human health.
- ➤ The local Nepalese farmers are losing the fertility of land & production level in case of the shortage of hybrid seeds and timely availability of Chemical fertilizers.

- Less occupied/ownership land and Maintenance level production is caused due to the low Awareness state targeting to the future generation.
- After the raised sensitization level, the target house-hold/families are ascending though we have the limited resources & budgeted provision.
- ➤ The preservation of local seeds and preparation-management of Compost fertilizer & organic insecticides/pesticides made from weed lings is neglected and getting low in the community.
- The desire and tendency of abroad employment has added the more Work-load to the women which has weakened to women then prone to Reproductory problems too.
- Environmental degradation is fostered by one of the hidden reason of Chemicals use in farming.
- ➤ The children from poor and marginalized families are lured for schooling but are kept as Kamaiya and house-labors by the local elite groups.
- Less public awareness about the fertility Check-up & re-thriving/management of Local seeds.

Annex 1.

Successful Case Story:

Title : Reflect Centre help to get the Citizenship Card

Name : Hari Bahadur B.K.

Address : Phulbari VDC ward no. 4, Majghatuwa Village

Family numbers : 5 people

Citizenship card obtained date : 14 Bhadra 2073/30 August 2016

Reflect Facilitator : Chhita Khadka

Reflect Centre enforced date : 26 Ashad 2073/10 July 2016

SEED established the REFLECT Centre on 26 Ashad 2073 in Phulbari V.D.C ward no. 7, Gidhaiya village under the "Women and Children Empowerment and Sustainable Livelihood Program" conducted in cooperation with SEED and D.K.A Austria. REFLECT center used to have participation of 15 women. In it, discussion based on incidents occurring in the daily life of individual, family and related to social life along with observed social bad company, women domestic violence including subjects on economic empowerment and women rights takes place. In the same VDC Chhita Khadka had been doing facilitation as a facilitator with the poorest Tharu families from Tharu community, Dalits, Indigenous and other women participants.

In the REFLECT class, discussions on subject related to citizenship card used to open. In the same discussion Mrs. Uma Kumari B.K wife of Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K got an opportunity to talk about citizenship card. She kept her problem about the citizenship card in the REFLECT centre. She

said;" Her husband Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K has not got citizenship card yet and so she and her children". Discussion and debate in the same issue ran for so long time and everybody's interest was increased. The reason behind the Mr. Hari Bahadur's problem of not getting citizenship card was due to demise of his parents in his early age. All attempts did by Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K and reasons of not getting citizenship card was explained in the REFLECT class to obtain citizenship card along with his continues request to VDC for recommendation of citizenship card and VDC's deny.

In then, with the effort and strive of REFLECT centre, Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K got recommendation for citizenship card from Local Police Offfice, Tulsipur Dang from Sir Jeeven VDC and was succeed in getting the Nepali citizenship card from Local Administrative Office Tulsipur, Dang. He became the Nepali citizen on 14th Bhadra 2073 at the age of 43 and celebrated his success. His family was so happy to get the citizenship card after this long period. They felt a kind of peace emerged in their life after this. Now, it's sure that all his family will get the Nepali citizenship card.

Eventually, after much effort and help Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K got the Nepali citizenship card from REFLECT Centre facilitator Chhita Khadaka and participants Renuka Chaudhary and Delli Bahadur B.K.



Fig: Mr. Hari Bahadur B.K. (Got the citizenship card on effort of REFLECT)

Annex 2.

Successful special case story: 2

Case story : Goat rearing farm eased her children to send to school

District : Dang, Nepal

Special case story place : Tarigaun 9, Bangai, Dang.

Story Character : BishnuChaudhary

Organization: Society for Environment Education Development (SEED), Dang

Case story status: Before

I am 35 years old Mrs. BishnuChaudhary. I live in Dang district ward no. 9 in Bangai village with my family. We have a small normal family life with four family members' son, daughter, me and my husband. Even though we had small family and normal livelihood, it was difficult for us to impart education to our children. We had not any family business and it was difficult for us to sustain our livelihood throughout the years only from the production that used to come from tenant. Beside this, we were compelled to do labor work or daily wages work as a source of income to sustain daily livelihood. In this situation, SEED organization in cooperation with DKA Austraia provided us NRs. 1600 from the Revolving Fund Mobilization program coordinating with Bhagya Krishi Sahakari Sanstha in order to improve our economic status from which I bought 4 goats and initiated goat rearing farm.

Outcomes achieved from program:

Now Bishnu Chaudhary who has started goat rearing farm from 4 numbers of goats has increased to 10 numbers of goats and has already sold 4 numbers of goats. She said that she is earning annually about NRs. 50,000 from goat farming. Till now she added she has earned NRs. 25,000 after selling goats.

She says, she is very happy now from the changes that goat rearing brought in their life after getting fund from "Revolving Fund" program in cooperation with SEED organization and Bhagya Krishi Sahakari Sanstha from which she is successful in earning good income from goat rearing. It is even becoming very helpful in imparting education to children and running other house activities from goat rearing business. Goat rearing business is easy and it can be even handled doing other house chores also. Children also supports in goat rearing besides their school time in their spare time. I have still 6 goats with me. I have thought of increasing the goat rearing business even more.



Fig: Goat rearing farm

Annex 3.

Successful special case story: 3

Case story : "Vegetable production from tunnel technology"

District : Dang, Nepal

Special case story place : Phoolbari-6, Bakhariya, Dang.

Case story character : RadhaRawat

Organization : Society for Environment Education Development (SEED), Dang

Special case story status: Before conduction of program

Mrs. RadhaRawat lives in Phoolbari VDC ward no. 6 in Bhakhariya village of Dang district. By occupation she is a farmer. She has five family members in her home. She used to do traditional method of vegetable farming in her cultivable land before getting technical support and training from SEED in her 1690 meter square of land.

Special case story status: After conduction of program:

In co-operation with SEED organization's "Technical and Economic Support", she started her "Commercial Vegetable farming" in her 1690 meter square or "5 Kattha" of land. She then took the training of seasonal and off-seasonal vegetable farming from SEED organization and stepped forward after building necessary capacity and skill from training towards vegetable farming. She says its' very important to know knowledge about various things in commercial vegetable farming. She added by doing seasonal and off-seasonal vegetable farming through favorable tunnel helps to earn more income through vegetable farming despite in bad weather condition. She is totally

satisfied now from scientific method of vegetable cultivation after getting training from SEED organization. It has helped her more to increase the source of income.

Support provided during program conduction:

She started her commercial vegetable farming after getting training on "Seasonal and Off-seasonal vegetable farming" and seeds from the" Revolving Fund" program to improve her economic condition. In this way after building capacity and skills about vegetable farming and initiating a commercial vegetable farming, it helped her greatly in running her daily livelihood. She says, initially due to lack of trainings on seasonal and off-seasonal vegetable farming it was difficult for her in vegetable farming but with continuing in commercial vegetable farming it has eased her recently. She even added on increasing experience in vegetable farming it has made her easy to run and manage the commercial vegetable farming smoothly.

She says, sometimes on the way of running commercial vegetable farming, it becomes difficult for us to protect vegetables from bad weather and water and it damages the vegetables. To this, in cooperation with SEED organization and DKA Austria she made tunnel for farming. This financial support of NRs. 30,000 was provided from the "Revolving Fund" program in coordination with Bhagya Krishi Co-operative Organization for making tunnel for farming. Then adding some amount by her, she made tunnel in 10 kattha or 3390 square meter of land and is doing commercial vegetable farming over there. She added on doing farming through tunnel has increased the safety to vegetables in comparison to normal farming and has increased the income.

Outcomes achieved from program:

Mrs. RadhaRawat says, she is cultivating seasonal and off-seasonal commercial vegetable farming in 10 Kattha of her land recently. She added she is earning NRs. 25,000-30,000 monthly from vegetable farming. In this way, she said vegetable farming is giving her expected profit and has improved her economic status.





Fig: Vegetable & Tunnel

Annex 4.

Successful special case story: 4

Case story : "Running of commercial retailer shop"

District : Dang, Nepal

Special case story place : Urahari -2 Kachili, Dang.

Case story character : KandiGharti

Organization: Society for Environment Education Development (SEED), Dang

Case story: Before conduction of program

Mrs. KandiGharti lives in Urahari VDC ward no.2 in Kachili village of Dang. She is around 50 years of old now. She has family members of 6 including her, her husband and other family members. She had a small retailer shop. In the beginning sustaining their daily livelihood from that shop was difficult along with other expenses as well. She said, she used to earn NRs, 200-300 daily from retailer shop and it was difficult to them to maintain livelihood from that amount to all family members. To sustain they use to do other labor works also. She said it was becoming very difficult to sustain their life with the increasing demand of family members with passing days.

Support provided during program conduction:

SEED organization in co-operation with DKA Austria under the program of "Women and children economic empowerment for sustainable livelihood" has provided financial support of NRs. 25,000 from "Revolving Fund Mobilization" to retailer shop for smooth and managed running of retailer shop which was conducted under this program ("Women and children economic empowerment for sustainable livelihood"). She is happy to say that this funded amount has provided additional support in conducting this commercial retailer shop. Now she says the shop has become larger and we are able to earn NRs.500-700 per day which has helped them to ease their daily lives. It has helped them to spend in home expenses as well as in education and health sector. She is moving ahead with an objective of enlarging the retailer shop more in the future and she is assured for this.



Fig: "Running of commercial retailer shop" Mrs. Kandi Garti

Annex 5.

Program Activities Photos Gallery:





Fig: Stationery and dress support group photos with the orphanage and poor children on children's day.





Fig: Capacity building and women empowerment training group photos of women groups and networks.





Fig: Group photos taken on behalf of women rights training mentioned in the new constitution of Nepal 2072 B.S.



Fig: Women leadership training.



Fig: Goat rearing support from revolving fund.





Fig: Gender equity and domestic women violence. Fig: Retail shop support for Renuka B.K.



Gender Equity Training



Dhakiya





Tharu Women Traditional Skill Development Training (Dhakiy)





Vegetable



Thank You